

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013



INDEX

	Page
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	1.
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	2
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	3
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	4

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

ASSETS

	31 December	
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Current Assets:	525 104	67.6 DO 1
Cash resources	535,194	565,081
Trade and other receivables	649,586	118,325
Net investment in leased assets (current)	21,672	19,387
Inventories	38,940	29,003
Tax recoverable	6,458	6,439
Total Current Assets	1,251,850	738,235
Non-Current Assets:		
Intangible asset	75,453	-
Deferred tax asset	285,972	355,958
Property, plant and equipment	125,712	105,993
Net investment in leased asset (non-current)	4,747,518	4,755,153
Total Assets	6,486,505	<u>5,955,339</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:		
Trade and other liabilities	26,475	540,950
Tax payable	4,951	5,168
		507
Total Current Liabilities	31,426	
	,	546,625
Non-Current Liabilities:		,
Amounts due to related parties	3,568,088	
Deferred tax liabilities	603,397	408,251
Total Liabilities	4,202,911	<u>954,876</u>
Equity:		
Stated capital	5,022	5,007
Capital contributions	1,398,789	4,879,352
Retained earnings	879,783	104,572
· ·		
Capital and reserves attributable to equity holders	2,283,594	4,988,931
Non-controlling interest	<u> </u>	11,532
Total Equity	2.283,594	5,000,463
Total Liabilities and Equity	6,486,505	5,955,339

These consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on and signed on their behalf by:

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

	-	For the year ended 31 December	
	(\$'000)	<u>2012</u> (\$'000)	
Revenue:			
Finance lease income Other revenue	656,907 485,420	427,378 12,056	
Total revenue	1,142,327	439,434	
Expenditure:			
Administrative expenses Finance cost Operating expense	94,653 (790) 32,009	70,028 (801) 30,275	
Total expenditure	125,872	99,502	
Operating profit before interest income	1,016,455	339,932	
Interest income	12,950	<u>263</u>	
Net profit before taxation	1,029,405	340,195	
Taxation	(267,798)	(87,433)	
Net profit for the year	761,607	252,762	
Other Comprehensive Income:			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Foreign currency translation adjustment	2,072	84	
Total Comprehensive Income	<u>763,679</u>	<u>252,846</u>	
Attributable to:			
Equity holders Non-controlling interest	763,679	227,735 25,111	
Net profit for the year	<u>763,679</u>	<u>252,846</u>	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013 (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

	Stated Capital (\$'000)	Capital Contributions (\$'000)	Retained Earnings (\$'000)	Non- Controlling <u>Interest</u> (\$'000)	Total <u>Equity</u> (\$'000)
Year ended 31 December 2012					
Balance as at 1 January 2012 Transfer of share capital	5,007	4,667,265 (5,007)	(123,163)	(13,579)	4,530,523
Net profit for the year Capital contributions	~	217,094	227,735	25,111	252,846 217,094
Balance as at 31 December 2012	5,007	4,879,352	104,572	11,532	5,000,463
Year ended 31 December 2013					
Balance as at 1 January 2013	5,007	4,879,352	104,572	11,532	5,000,463
Net profit for the year	-	•	763,679	•	763,679
Difference on exchange	15	(4,785)	-	₹	15 (4,785)
Capital contributions Transfer of equity interest	-	(4,765)	11,532	(11,532)	(4,763)
Premium on share purchase	- -	75,453	11,552	(11,552)	75,453
Transfer of capital to liabilities	•	(3,551,231)	-		(3,551,231)
Balance as at 31 December 2013	5,022	1,398,789	<u>879,783</u>	- And Andrews designation of the State of th	2,283,594

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

	For the year ended 31 December	
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Net profit before taxation	1,029,404	340,195
Adjustment for:		
Depreciation	12,211	2,636
Difference on exchange	2,072	84
Interest income	(12,950)	(263)
Finance lease collection	19,399	hall
Net profit before changes in working capital	1,050,136	342,652
Net change in trade and other receivables	(531,261)	(111,538)
Net change in amounts due from related parties	3,562,920	(101,733)
Net change in trade payables	(514,474)	97,343
Net change in inventories	(9,937)	(14,602)
Net change in due to related parties	***	27,836
	3,557,384	239,958
Interest received (net)	12,950	263
Tax paid	1,758	(7,332)
Cash provided by Operating Activities	3,572,092	232,889
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(45,978)	(418,162)
Net change in intangible asset	(75,453)	-
Net change in restricted cash		181,800
Cash used in Investing Activities	(121,431)	(236,362)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net change in capital contributions	(3,480,563)	212,087
Net change in share capital	15	5,007
Cash (used in)/provided by Financing Activities	(3,480,548)	217,094
Net change in cash resources	(29,887)	213,621
Net cash resources, beginning of year	<u>565,081</u>	351,460
Net cash resources, end of year	535,194	<u>565,081</u>
Represented by:		
Cash resources	535,194	565,081



CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013



INDEX

	Page
Statement of Management Responsibilities	1
Independent Auditors' Report	2
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	3
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	4
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	5
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	6
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	7 – 34

Building 5, Christina Courts, 33 – 35 Boisierre No. 1, Maraval, Republic of Trinidad and Tobago

Statement of Management Responsibilities

Management is responsible for the following:

- preparing and fairly presenting the accompanying financial statements of Union Estate Electricity
 Generation Company Limited, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at
 31 December 2013, the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and
 cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other
 explanatory information;
- ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records;
- selecting appropriate accounting policies and applying them in a consistent manner;
- implementing, monitoring and evaluating the system of internal control that assures security of the company's assets, detection/prevention of fraud, and the achievement of company operational efficiencies;
- ensuring that the system of internal control operated effectively during the reporting period;
- producing reliable financial reporting that comply with laws and regulations, including the Companies Act; and
- using reasonable and prudent judgement in the determination of estimates.

In preparing these audited consolidated financial statements, management utilised the International Financial Reporting Standards, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Trinidad and Tobago. Where International Financial Reporting Standards presented alternative accounting treatments, management chose those considered most appropriate in the circumstances.

Nothing has come to the attention of management to indicate that the company will not remain a going concern for the next twelve months from the reporting date; or up to the date the accompanying financial statements have been authorised for issue, if later.

Management affirms that it has carried out its responsibilities as outlined above.

Director

Date: November 22, 2016

Director

Date: November 22, 2016

Directors: David D'Andrade - Chairman • Soraya Nanan • Phil Achan • Selvon Ramroop



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Shareholder Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2013, the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited as of 31 December 2013, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard.

Port of Spain 22 November 2016

Direct tel (868) 624-4569 l Direct fax (868) 624-4388 PKF l 90 Edward Street l Port-of-Spain l PO Bag 250 Belmont l Trinidad l WI

Partners: Renée-Lisa Philip Mark K. Superville

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Expressed in United States Dollars)

ASSETS

		31 December		
	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u> 2012</u>	
Comment Associa		(\$'000)	(\$'000)	
Current Assets:	_	02.124	00.000	
Cash resources	5	83,124	88,025	
Trade and other receivables	6	100,891	18,432	
Net investment in leased assets (current)	7	3,366	3,020	
Inventories	8	6,048	4,518	
Tax recoverable		1,003	1,003	
Total Current Assets		194,432	114,998	
Non-Current Assets:				
Intangible asset	9	11,719	-	
Deferred tax asset	10	44,416	55,449	
Property, plant and equipment	11	19,525	16,511	
Net investment in leased asset (non-current)	7	737,364	<u>740,730</u>	
Total Assets		<u>1,007,456</u>	<u>927,688</u>	
<u>LIABILITIES AN</u>	D EQUITY			
Current Liabilities:				
Trade and other liabilities	12	4,112	84,266	
Tax payable		769	79	
Total Current Liabilities		4,881	84,345	
Non-Current Liabilities:				
Amounts due to related parties	13	554,180	805	
Deferred tax liabilities	10	93,717	63,595	
Total Liabilities		652,778	148,745	
Equity:				
Stated capital	14	780	780	
Capital contributions	15	217.254	760,077	
Retained earnings		136,644	16.290	
Capital and reserves attributable to equity holders		354,678	777,147	
Non-controlling interest			1,796	
Total Equity		354,678	778,943	
Total Liabilities and Equity		1,007,45 <u>6</u>	927,688	

These consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 22 November 2016 and signed on their behalf by:

Director: Directory

Director:

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Expressed in United States Dollars)

		For the year ended		
		31 December		
	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2013</u> (\$'000)	<u>2012</u> (\$'000)	
Revenue:				
Finance lease income		102,263	66,644	
Other revenue	16	<u>75,567</u>	1,880	
Total revenue		<u>177,830</u>	68,524	
Expenditure:				
Administrative expenses	17	14,735	10,920	
Finance cost	18	(123)	(125)	
Operating expense	19	4,983	4,721	
Total expenditure		19,595	15,516	
Operating profit before interest income		158,235	53,008	
Interest income		2,016	41	
Net profit before taxation		160,251	53,049	
Taxation	20	(41,689)	(13,634)	
Net profit for the year		118,562	39,415	
Other Comprehensive Income:				
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
Foreign currency translation adjustment		(4)	6	
Total Comprehensive Income		118,558	39,421	
Attributable to:				
Equity holders		118,558	35,506	
Non-controlling interest		-	3,915	
Net profit for the year		<u>118,558</u>	39,421	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013 (Expressed in United States Dollars)

	Stated <u>Capital</u> (\$'000)	Capital Contributions (\$'000)	Retained Earnings (\$'000)	Non- Controlling <u>Interest</u> (\$'000)	Total Equity (\$'000)
Year ended 31 December 2012					
Balance as at 1 January 2012 Transfer of share capital Net profit for the year Capital contributions	780	728,202 (780) - 32,655	(19,216) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	3,915	706,867 - 39,421 32,655
Balance as at 31 December 2012	<u>780</u>	<u>760,077</u>	<u>16,290</u>	<u>1,796</u>	<u>778,943</u>
Year ended 31 December 2013					
Balance as at 1 January 2013 Net profit for the year Capital contributions Transfer of equity interest Premium on share purchase Transfer of capital to liabilities	780	760,077 (743) - 11,719 (553,799)	16,290 118,558 - 1,796	1,796 - - (1,796) - -	778,943 118,558 (743) - 11,719 (553,799)
Balance as at 31 December 2013	<u>780</u>	<u>217,254</u>	136,644	<u></u>	354,678

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

	For the year ended 31 December	
	2013	2012
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Net profit before taxation	160,251	53,049
Adjustment for:		
Depreciation	1,901	411
Unrealised gain on foreign exchange	(4)	6
Interest income	(2,016)	(41)
Finance lease collection	3,020	<u>749</u>
Net profit before changes in working capital	163,152	54,174
Net change in trade and other receivables	(82,459)	(17,373)
Net change in amounts due from related parties	-	4,343
Net change in trade payables	(79,890)	15,053
Net change in inventories	(1,530)	(2,271)
Net change in due to related parties	<u>553,375</u>	<u>(15,874</u>)
	552,648	38,052
Interest received (net)	2,016	41
Tax paid	(108)	(1,148)
Cash provided by Operating Activities	<u>554,556</u>	36,945
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(4,915)	(64,776)
Net change in intangible asset	(11,719)	-
Net change in restricted cash		<u>28,365</u>
Cash used in Investing Activities	(16,634)	(36,411)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net change in capital contributions	(542,823)	31,875
Net change in share capital		780
Cash (used in)/provided by Financing Activities	(542,823)	32,655
Net change in cash resources	(4,901)	33,189
Net cash resources, beginning of year	88,025	54,836
Net cash resources, end of year	83,124	<u>88,025</u>
Represented by:		
Cash resources	<u>83,124</u>	<u>88,025</u>

(The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

1. Principal Business Activities:

Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited (UEEGCL) was incorporated on 26 February 2008 to hold equity on behalf of the Government of Trinidad and Tobago, in the acquisition, construction, ownership, sale, and the operation, management and maintenance of power generation facilities. The registered office of UEEGCL is located at Level 15, Eric Williams Financial Complex, Independence Square, Port of Spain.

The purposes of Trinidad Generation Unlimited are limited to engaging in the acquisition, construction, lease, ownership and sale, and the operation, management, maintenance, financing and re-financing of power generation facilities, contracting for the output of power from such facilities, and all actions incidental, necessary or appropriate to the foregoing that may be engaged in by an unlimited liability company formed under the Act.

By Shareholders' Amendment Agreement dated 6 January 2009, UEEGCL owned 90.07% of Trinidad Generation Unlimited, with the other 9.93% being owned by Trinidad and Tobago Power Generation Unlimited, a company whose ultimate parent is AES Corporation of the United States of America.

During 2013, UEEGCL acquired Trinidad and Tobago Power's interest in Trinidad Generation Unlimited. This resulted in 100% of the stated capital of the Company being held by UEEGCL.

The operations of Trinidad Generation Unlimited have been consolidated into these consolidated financial statements.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

(a) Basis of preparation -

These consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and are stated in United Sates dollars. The consolidated financial statements are expressed in thousands of dollars rounded to the nearest \$1,000. These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. The accounting policies used are consistent with those of previous year.

(b) Use of estimates -

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company accounting policies. It also requires the use of assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

- (c) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations
 - i) The Company has not applied the following standards and amendments that became effective during the current year, as they do apply to the activities of the Company:
 - IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements Amendments to revise the way other comprehensive income is presented (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012).
 - IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosure Amendment on the disclosure of offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - ii) The Company has not applied the following standards, revised standards and interpretations that became effective during the current year, as they do not apply to the activities of the Company:
 - IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment Amendment re: classification of servicing equipment (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IAS 19 Employee Benefits Amended standard resulting from the Post-Employment Benefits and Termination Benefits projects (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements Reissued as IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

- (c) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations (cont'd) -
 - IAS 28 Investments in Associates Reissued as IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting Amendment on the clarification of interim financial reporting on segment information (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements Amendment to the transition guidance on consolidated financial statements, joint arrangements and disclosures of interest in other entities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRIC 20 Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - iii) The Company has not applied the following standards, revised standards and interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective as they either do not apply to the activities of the Company or have no material impact on its financial statements, except for IFRS 9 Financial Instruments:
 - IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards Amendment on borrowing costs relating to qualifying assets (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards Government Loans (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 2 Share-based payment Amendment to the definition of vesting condition (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

- (c) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations (cont'd) -
 - IFRS 3 Business Combinations Amendment re: accounting for a contingent consideration in a business combination (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
 - IFRS 3 Business Combinations Amendment on the scope of exception for joint ventures (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
 - IFRS 8 Operating Segments Amendment re: disclosure of the aggregation of operating segments and the reconciliation of assets (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
 - IFRS 9 Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015).
 - IFRS 9 Financial Instruments: Accounting for Financial Liabilities and Derecognition (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015).
 - IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements Amendment to measure at fair value eligible investment entities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
 - IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement Amendment re: clarification of portfolio exception (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
 - IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
 - IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements Amendment re: clarification of the requirement for comparative information (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2013).
 - IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment Amendment re: proportionate restatement of accumulated depreciation under the revaluation method (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

(c) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations (cont'd) -

- IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures Amendment on disclosures for entities providing key management personnel services (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
- IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements Amendment to measure at fair value eligible investment entities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
- IAS 32 Financial Instruments; Presentation Amendment re: application guidance on the offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
- IAS 36 Impairment of Assets Amendment re: disclosure of recoverable amount on non-financial assets (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
- IAS 38 Intangible Assets Amendment re: the proportionate restatement of accumulated amortisation under the revaluation method (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
- IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement Amendment re: the novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
- IAS 40 Investment Property Amendment re: clarification of specific transactions that are both business combinations and investment property (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
- IFRIC 21 Levies (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).

(d) Financial assets -

Financial assets are classified into the following categories – loans and receivables and available for sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and re-evaluates this at every reporting date.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

(d) Financial assets (cont'd) -

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets, with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and which UEEGCL does not intend to sell in the short-term or which it has not designated as fair value through profit and loss, available for sale or held to maturity. Loans and receivables are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Available for sale

Investments intended to be held for an indefinite period of time and which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in interest rate are classified as available for sale. These investments are carried at fair value with realized gains and losses being taken to the profit and loss account and unrealized gains and losses being shown in equity.

Held to maturity

Investments with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity which the Group has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held to maturity and are stated at amortised costs.

(e) Comparative information -

Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents -

Cash at bank in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position comprsies of cash held in depository bank accounts as at the reporting date.

For the purposes of the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash at bank and deposits in banks with an original maturity of three months or less.

(g) Property, plant and equipment -

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Capital work in progress represents milestone payments to contractors under an Engineering Procurement and Supply Contract and other direct costs incurred in constructing the power plant that meet the recognition criteria. The plant will be brought into operation in three phases, Phase IA, Phase IB and Phase 2 in accordance with the Power Purchase Agreement (PPA). Capital work in progress has been allocated to the components of plant and equipment that are commissioned under each of the phases.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

(g) Property, plant and equipment (cont'd) -

The PPA was evaluated in accordance with the provisions of IFRIC 4. This evaluation has resulted in the recognition of a leased asset related to the power plant.

Depreciation is charged from the month in which the equipment is purchased. Depreciation is provided on a straight line basis, per annum.

The following rates are considered appropriate to write-off the assets over their estimated useful lives are applied:

%

Computer equipment	33.3
Machinery and equipment	25
Furniture and fixtures	25
Capital spares	3.3 – 11.9

Capital work-in-progress is not depreciated.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each reporting date, and adjusted as appropriate. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

(h) Consolidation -

A subsidiary is an entity over which UEEGCL has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one-half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether UEEGCL controls another entity. Trinidad Generation Unlimited, in which UEEGCL has a 100% interest, is a subsidiary. The Subsidiary is fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to UEEGCL. It de-recognises the assets and liabilities of a former subsidiary from the date on which control ceases.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

(h) Consolidation (cont'd) -

UEEGCL uses the purchase method of accounting to account for the acquisition of the subsidiary. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any non-controlling interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of UEEGCL's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. All intercompany transactions and balances are eliminated on consolidation.

(i) Stated capital -

Shares are classified as equity when there is no obligation to transfer cash or other assets. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of equity instruments are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds.

(j) Intangible asset -

Premium of share purchase

This represents the excess of the purchase price of a share acquisition over its book value. Although not subject to amortization, its value will be tested fro impairment on an annual basis or nore frequently if events or circumstances indicate.

(k) Foreign currency translation -

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the consolidated financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the 'functional currency').

Transactions and balances

Transactions and balances

Local currency transactions are translated into the presentation currency, United States dollars, using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

(l) Taxation -

UEEGCL is subject to Corporation Tax, as it does not meet the criteria of an Investment Company as defined by the Corporation Tax Act, Section 6(3). Tax on profit or loss for the year comprises current tax and the change in deferred tax. Current tax comprises tax payable calculated on the basis of the taxable income for the year using the prevailing tax rate and any adjustment to tax payable for previous year.

Deferred tax is calculated using the liability method whereby liabilities are recognised for temporary differences arising between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position and their tax basis, using tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the reporting date, which result in taxable amounts in future period. Deferred tax assets relating to the carry forward of unused tax losses are recognised to the extent it is probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available against which the unused tax losses can be utilised.

(m) Provisions -

Provisions are recognised when UEEGCL has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses. Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provison is recognized even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any other item included in the same class of obligations may be small. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provison due to the passage of time is recognised in the profit and loss account.

(n) Revenue recognition -

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods in the ordinary course of activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added-tax, rebates and discounts and after eliminating intergroup sale. Interest income is recognised on the accruals basis and dividend income is accrued for when the right to receive payment is established.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

(o) Foreign currency translation -

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the 'functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in thousands of United States dollars, which is UEEGCL's functional and presentation currency.

3. Financial Risk Management:

Financial risk factors

On account of Trinidad Generation Unlimited, UEEGCL as a consolidated entity is exposed to interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, currency risk, operational risk, compliance risk and reputation risk arising from the financial instruments that it holds. The risk management policies employed by UEEGCL to manage these risks are discussed below:

Financial Instruments

	2013	
Financial Assets	Carrying <u>Value</u> (\$'000)	Fair <u>Value</u> (\$'000)
Cash resources Trade and other receivables Net investment in leased assets	83,124 100,891 740,730	83,124 100,891 1,323,130
Financial Liabilities		
Trade and other liabilities Amounts due to related parties	4,112 554,180	4,112 554,180

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

Financial Instruments	2012		
Financial Assets	Carrying <u>Value</u> (\$'000)	Fair <u>Value</u> (\$'000)	
Cash resources Trade and other receivables Net investment in leased assets	88,025 18,432 743,750	88,025 18,432 1,320,628	
Financial Liabilities			
Trade and other liabilities Amounts due to related parties	84,266 805	84,266 805	

The fair value of the leased asset was estimated using relevant industry and market observable data to arrive at a proxy for fair value at year end.

(a) Interest rate risk -

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

UEEGCL as a consolidated entity is exposed to interest rate risk through the effect of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of interest rates on interest bearing financial assets and liabilities.

The exposure is managed through the matching of funding products with financial services and monitoring market conditions and yields.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

Financial Instruments

Financiai instrui	nents			4044		
	Effective <u>Rate</u>	Up to <u>1 year</u> (\$'000)	1 to <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	2013 Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Non-Interest Bearing (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Financial Assets						
Cash resources Trade and other receivables Net investment in leased assets	0.48% 0.0% 0.0%	50,000		-	33,124 100,891 740,730	83,124 100,891 740,730
		50,000			874,745	924,745
Financial Liabilities						
Trade and other liabilities Amounts due to related parties	0.0% 0.0%			- A	4,112 554,180	4,112 554,180
		Ph-			558,292	558,292
	Effective <u>Rate</u>	Up to <u>1 year</u> (\$'000)	1 to <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	2012 Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Non-Interest <u>Bearing</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Financial Assets		(+/	,,	,, ,	,,	
Cash resources Trade and other receivables Net investment in leased assets	0.48% 0.0% 0.0%	58.000	-	- - -	30,025 18,432 743,750	88.025 18,432 743,750
		<u>58.000</u>	-	-	<u>792,207</u>	<u>850,207</u>
Financial Liabilities						
Trade and other liabilities Amounts due to related parties	0.0%	.	-	-	84,266	84,266 805
timounts due to related parties	0.0%			-	805	903

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

(b) Credit risk -

Credit risk arises when failure by counter parties to discharge their obligations could reduce the amount of future cash inflows from financial assets on hand at the reporting date. UEEGCL as a consolidated entity has policies in place to control and monitor risk on a continuous basis.

(c) Liquidity risk -

Liquidity risk is the risk that arises when the maturity dates of assets and liabilities do not match. An unmatched position potentially enhances profitability, but can also increase the risk of losses.

UEEGCL as a consolidated entity has procedures with the object of minimising such losses such as maintaining sufficient cash and other highly liquid current assets and by having available an adequate amount of committed credit facilities.

Risk Management -

The matching and controlled mismatching of the maturities and interest rates of assets and liabilities are fundamental to the management of UEEGCL. UEEGCL as a consolidated entity employs various asset/liability techniques to manage liquidity gaps. Liquidity gaps are mitigated by the marketable nature of a substantial segment of UEEGCL's assets.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

(c) Liquidity risk -

To manage and reduce liquidity risk UEEGCL's management actively seeks to match cash inflows with liability requirements.

ii. Liquidity Ga	p	20	13	
	Up to	1 to	Over	mi i
	<u>1 year</u> (\$'000)	<u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	<u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Financial Assets	(4 000)	(4 4 4 4 7 7 7 7	,	
Cash resources	83,12		-	83,124 100,891
Trade and other receivable Net investment in leased			719,059	7 <u>40,730</u>
THE INFOMMENT IN TORSE				004.745
	187,39	18,305	<u>719,059</u>	<u>924,745</u>
Financial Liabilities				
Trade and other liabilities			-	4,112
Amounts due to related p	parties <u>554.1</u>	<u> </u>	-	554,180
	558.2	92	*	<u>558,292</u>
	***************************************	20	12	
	Up to	20 1 to	Over	Total
	<u>1 vear</u>	20		<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Financial Assets		20 1 to <u>5 years</u>	Over <u>5 years</u>	
Cash resources	<u>1 year</u> (\$'000) 88,0	20 1 to 5 years (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u>	(\$'000) 88,025
Cash resources Trade and other receivab	1 year (\$'000) 88,0 bles 18,4	20 1 to 5 years (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	(\$'000) 88,025 18,432
Cash resources	1 year (\$'000) 88,0 0les 18,4	20 1 to 5 years (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	(\$'000) 88,025
Cash resources Trade and other receivab	1 year (\$'000) 88,0 bles 18,4	20 1 to 5 years (\$'000) 25 32 20 16,375	Over 5 years (\$'000)	(\$'000) 88,025 18,432
Cash resources Trade and other receivab	1 year (\$'000) 88,0 bles 18,4 assets 3,0	20 1 to 5 years (\$'000) 25 32 20 16,375	Over 5 years (\$'000)	(\$'000) 88,025 18,432 743,750
Cash resources Trade and other receivab Net investment in leased	1 year (\$'000) 88,0 les 18,4 assets 3,0 109,4	20 1 to 5 years (\$'000) 25 32 20 16,375 77 16,375	Over 5 years (\$'000)	(\$'000) 88,025 18,432 743,750 850,207
Cash resources Trade and other receivab Net investment in leased Financial Liabilities	1 year (\$'000) 88,0 18,4 109,4 28 28 28 28 28 3,0	20 1 to 5 years (\$'000) 25 32 20 16,375 77 16,375	Over 5 years (\$'000)	(\$'000) 88,025 18,432 743,750 850,207

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

(d) Currency risk -

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not UEEGCL's measurement currency. UEEGCL's management monitors the exchange rate fluctuations on a continuous basis and acts accordingly.

(e) Operational risk -

Operational risk is the risk derived from deficiencies relating to UEEGCL's information technology and control systems, as well as the risk of human error and natural disasters. UEEGCL's systems are evaluated, maintained and upgraded continuously. Supervisory controls are installed to minimise human error.

(f) Compliance risk -

Compliance risk is the risk of financial loss, including fines and other penalties, which arise from non-compliance with laws and regulations of the state. The risk is limited by the monitoring controls applied by UEEGCL.

(g) Reputation risk -

The risk of loss of reputation arising from the negative publicity relating to UEEGCL's operations (whether true or false) may result in a reduction of its clientele, reduction in revenue and legal cases against UEEGCL. UEEGCL applies procedures to minimize this risk.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

4. <u>Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements:</u>

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions in the process of applying UEEGCL's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events, that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. UEEGCL makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. However, actual results could differ from those estimates as the resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have significant risk or causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Changes in accounting estimates are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period in which the estimate is changed, if the change affects that period only, or in the period of the change and future periods if the change affects both current and future periods.

The critical judgements, apart from those involving estimates, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements, are as follows:

- (i) Whether investments are classfied as available for sale, held to maturity or loans and receivables.
- (ii) Whether leases are classified as operating leases or finance leases.
- (iii) Which depreciation method for property, plant and equipment is used.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the year-end date (requiring management's most difficult, subjective or complex judgements) that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year is as follows:

Impairment of assets

Management assesses at each year-end date whether assets are impaired. An asset is imparied when the carrying value is greater than its recoverable amount and there is objective evidence of impairment. Recoverable amount is the present value of the future cash flows. Provisions are made for the excess of the carrying value over its recoverable amount.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

5.	Cash	Resources:

- Andrews - Commence -	31 December	
•	2013 (\$'000)	(\$'000)
Cash at bank	33,124	30,025
Short term deposit	50,000	<u>58,000</u>
	<u>83,124</u>	88,025

Cash at bank earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates.

Short terms deposits include US dollars denominated deposits with maturity dates ranging 30 days to 180 days with interest rates from 0.23~% - 0.48~% per annum.

6. Trade and Other Receivables:

	31 December	
	2013 (\$'000)	<u>2012</u> (\$'000)
Trade receivables	88,488	10,232
Accrued revenue	11,703	6,625
Prepayments and other receivables	700	1,575
	100,891	18,432

7. Investment in Leased Assets:

	31 December	
	<u>2013</u> (\$'000)	<u>2012</u> (\$'000)
Finance lease – gross investment Less: Unearned finance income	2,905,983 (2,165,253)	3,011,272 (2,267,522)
Net investment in leased asset Less amounts due within	740,730 (3,366)	743,750 (3,020)
	<u>737,364</u>	<u>740,730</u>

The Company has entered into a Power Purchased Agreement (PPA) for the supply of capacity and associated energy generated for a term of thirty (30) years from the commencement of Phase 1A commercial operations.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

7. Investment in Leased Assets (Cont'd):

The power plant will be brought into operation in three phases. Each phase will provide incremental capacity for power generation as follows:

Phase 1 A commissioned on 31 July 2011	225MW
Phase 1B commissioned on 20 December 2011	225MW
Phase 2 commissioned on 18 December 2012	270MW

The provisions of the PPA were evaluated in accordance with IFRIC 4: "Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease" and IAS 17: "Leases." Phase 1B were commissioned during 2011. Their related costs were transferred from capital work in progress and an investment in these assets was recognized in the respective years.

As at 31 December, the gross investment and present value of receivables relating to future minimum lease payments were distributed as follows:

	20)13	201	2
	Gross investment (\$'000)	Present value of receivable \$ '000	Gross investment (\$'000)	Present value of receivable \$ '000
Within 1 year 1 to 5 years	105,289 421,445	3,366 18,305	105,289 421,445	3,020 16,375
Over 5 years	2,379,249	719,059	<u>2,484,538</u>	<u>724,355</u>
	<u>2,905,983</u>	<u>740,730</u>	3,011,272	<u>743,750</u>

8. Inventories:

IIIVCIROI RES.	31 December		
	<u>2013</u> (\$'000)	2 <u>012</u> (\$'000)	
Spare parts	6,048	3,763	
Materials in transit		<u>755</u>	
	6,048	<u>4,518</u>	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

9. Intangible Asset:

This represents a premium calculated as the excess of the purchase price of the minority interest in Trinidad Generation Unlimited over the book value of the shares purchased.

10. Deferred Taxation:

	31 December	
6.1.6	2013	2012
Significant components of deferred tax are as follows:	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Deferred tax asset:		
Tax losses	<u>44,416</u>	<u>55,449</u>
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Finance lease	93,385	63,544
Plant and equipment	332	51
	93,717	63,595

Trinidad Generation Unlimited has unutilized tax losses of \$177.7 million (2012: \$221.8 million) that are available indefinitely for offset against future taxable profits. Deferred tax assets have been recognized for the carry forward of these unused tax losses to the extent that it is possible that future tax profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilized. There are no unrecognised deferred tax assets for the current year.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

1. Property, Plant and Equipment:	Computer	Furniture	Machinery and	Other	Capital		1
	Equipment (\$'000)	& Fixtures (\$'000)	Equipment \$(`000)	Assets (\$'000)	Spares (\$'000)	\$.000) (\$.000)	<u>2012</u> (\$.000)
Cost							
Balance as at 1 January 2013 Additions Transfer to finance lease	% E '	9 ' '	356 977	894 1,096	15,844 2,829	17,108 4,915	329,231 64,776 (376,899)
		- Articles					
Balance as at 31 December 2013	21	9	1,333	1,990	18,673	22,023	17,108
Accumulated Depreciation							
Balance as at 1 January 2013 Charge for the year	6	2	114	362	113	597	186
Balance as at 31 December 2013	13	3	208	615	1,659	2,498	597
Net Book Value							
Balance as at 31 December 2013	8	3	1,125	1,375	17,014	19,525	16,511

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2012

Property, Plant and Equipment (Cont'd):	Computer Equipment (\$'000)	Balance as at 1 January 2012 Additions Transfer to finance lease	Balance as at 31 December 2012	Accumulated Depreciation	Balance as at 1 January 2012 3 Charge for the year	Balance as at 31 December 2012	Net Book Value Balance as at 31 December 2012
	Furniture & Fixtures (\$'000)	, – ,	9				7
	Machinery and Equipment \$('000)	268 88	356		20	7	242
	Other Assets (\$'000)	460 434	894		154 208	362	532
	Capital work in Progress (\$'000)	327,700 49,199 (376,899)					,
	Capital Spares (\$'000)	791	15,844		8 105	113	15.731
	2012 (\$,000)	329,231 64,776 (376,899)	17,108		186	297	16.511
	$\frac{2011}{(\$,000)}$	659,065 37,990 (367,824)	329,231		38	185	329,046

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

12. Trade and Other Liabilities:

	<u>2013</u> (\$'000)	<u>2012</u> (\$'000)
Trade payable Other payable	793 	48,776 35,490
	<u>4,112</u>	84,266

Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally on 30-day terms.

13. Amounts Due To Related Parties:

UEEGCL is ultimately owned by the Government of Trinidad and Tobago (GORTT). In the ordinary course of its business, UEEGCL enters into transactions concerning the exchange of goods, provision of services and financing with affiliate companies as well as with entitites directly and indirectly owned or controlled by the GORTT. Entities under the common control of the GORTT include National Energy Corporation of Trindad and Tobago Limited and Trinidad and Tobago Electricity Commission.

Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured, interest free and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for an amounts due to or from related parties. The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the year.

	31 Dec	ember
Due to related parties	2013 (\$'000)	2012 (\$'000)
AES Trinidad Services, Unlimited	₩	422
Trinidad and Tobago Power Generation Unlimited	-	2
Government of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago	553,858	59
National Energy Corporation	322	322
	_554,180	805
Purchase from related parties		
AES Trinidad Services, Unlimited		
- Management services	-	5,278
Trinidad and Tobago Electricity Commission		
- Liquidated damages		1,000
National Energy Corporation		
- Lease rental and premium	334	334
	334	6,612
Due from related parties		
Trinidad and Tobago Electricity Commission	100,191	16,857

UNION ESTATE ELECTRICITY GENERATION COMPANY LIMITED

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

Amounts Due to Related Parties (Cont'd):

Amounts Due to Related Tarvies (Com-	31 Dece	31 December	
	<u>2013</u> (\$'000)	<u>2012</u> (\$'000)	
Sales to related parties: Trinidad and Tobago Commission	_104,592	68,524	
Compensation of key management personnel			

14.

13.

Short-term employee benefits	<u>742</u>	<u>595</u>
Stated Capital:	31 Dec	ember
	2013 (\$'000)	(\$'000)
Authorised Unlimited ordinary shares at par value		
Issued and fully paid 5,000,010 ordinary shares at TTD\$1 each	780	<u>780</u>

Capital Contributions: 15.

	31 December	
	2013 (\$'000)	<u>2012</u> (\$'000)
Trinidad and Tobago Power Generation Unlimited Government of Trinidad and Tobago	<u>217,254</u>	19,024 741,053
	217,254	<u>760,077</u>

In March 2014, the Ministry of Finance clarified that the ultimate parent company's ("UEEGCL") position would be that the capital structure of the Company will be 75% debt and 25% equity effective 31 July 2013. As a consequence, 75% of the capital controbutions paid by the Government of Trinidad and Tobago through UEEGCL will be repaid upon a successful loan refinancing by Trinidad Generation Unlimited. Effective 31 July 2013 this amount has been duly reclassified to current liabilities.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

16. Other Revenue:

Other Revenue.	31 December	
	2013 (\$'000)	(\$'000)
Capacity revenue- CPL adjustment Energy delivered revenues Liquidated damages - Non availability (See Note below)	2,166 163 	1,745
	<u>75,567</u>	1,880

In accordance with the provisions of the Engineering Procurement and Supply contract for the construction of the plant, Trinidad Generation Unlimited filed a claim for late substantial completion payments for delays in delivery of the plant. Trinidad Generation Unlimited was awarded a settlement sum of US\$73.2M which represented the full claim in the amount of US\$106.2 million net of US \$33 million for settlement of other contract issued.

17. Administrative Expenses:

Aumment de l'appendent	31 December	
	<u>2013</u> (\$'000)	2012 (\$'000)
Accounting and audit	18	18
Consultancies		29
Depreciation	1,901	411
Directors fees	61	93
Entertainment	1	
Events and community work	606	455
Insurance	4,322	-
internet	1	-
IT expenses	203	311
Legal and professional	1,845	3,315
Liquidated damages penalty/interest	=	259
Liquidated damages Trinidad and Tobago Electricity Commission	-	1,055
Meals and entertainment	52	82
Miscellaneous	7	7
Office	117	110
Other	256	700
Outsourced personnel services	44	87
Overseas tours	16	8
Rent	409	411
Repairs and maintenance	1	1
Salaries and wages	4,339	3,328
Stationery	-	l
Telephone	1	1
Training	1	-
Travelling	332	99
Utilities Water	202	139
	<u>14,735</u>	10,920

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

18. Finance Cost:

with the first transfer of the first transfe	31 December	
	2013 (\$'000)	(\$'000)
Bank charges Financing fees Loss on foreign exchange	13 (2) (134)	10 8 (143)
Balance, end of the year	<u>(134)</u> <u>(123)</u>	(125)

19. **Operating Expense:**

	31 December	
	<u>2013</u>	<u> 2012</u>
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Calibration and testing	118	180
Contract labour	815	569
Contract services	946	376
Equipment rental	63	54
Other	698	360
Parts and equipment	64	415
Parts and supplies	1,073	1,834
Security	294	136
Training	678	249
Travel and motor vehicle expenses	228	413
Workshop expenses	6	<u>135</u>
	4,983	4,721

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

Taxation:	31 Dec	cember
	2013 (\$'000)	2012 (\$'000)
Components of the taxation credit for the year:		
Business Levy	(356)	(137)
Green Fund Levy	(178)	(69)
Deferred tax	(41,155)	(13,428)
	<u>(41,689</u>)	(13,634)
A reconciliation of the expected income tax expense determined using the statutory tax rate of 25% to the effective income tax expense is as follows:		
Net profit before taxation	160,251	53,049
Income taxes thereon at the rate of 25%	(40,063)	(13,262)
Non-deductible expenses	(593)	(4)
Reversal of impairment of tax losses	254	_
Business Levy	(356)	(137)
Green Fund Levy	(178)	(69)
Other	(753)	(162)
	<u>(41,689</u>)	<u>(13,634</u>)

21. Capital Commitments:

20.

At 31 December 2013, the Company had no contractual commitments, (2012: \$36.04 million).

22. Operating Lease Commitments:

Trinidad Generation Unlimited has entered into a 30 year lease agreement commencing 15 January 2009 with the National Energy Corporation of Trinidad and Tobago for the lease of 149.955 hectares of land situated in La Brea, Trinidad. The rental lease expense of \$333,900 dollars is recorded in administrative expenses for the year ended 31 December 2013 (2012: \$333,900 dollars).

Trinidad Generation Unlimited also holds operating leases for its motor vehicles. The motor vehicle lease expense of \$223,309 dollars is recorded in administrative expenses for the year ended 31 December 2013 (2012; \$85,396).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

22. Operating Lease Commitments (Cont'd):

Future minimum rentals payable under the operating leases as at 31 December are as follows:

	31 December	
	<u>2013</u> (\$'000)	(\$'000)
Within one year	390	463
After one year but not than five years	1,578	1,715
More than five years	6,678	7,012

23. Contractual Commitments:

On 15 September 2009, Trinidad Generation Unlimited entered into a Power Purchase Agreement for 30 years with Alutrint Limited (Alutrint) and the Trinidad and Tobago Electricity Commission (T&TEC) as buyers in which each of the buyers are jointly and severally obligated to fulfilling the terms and conditions of the agreement which provides *inter alia* for sale of the maximum available output of the plant. In accordance with the power purchase agreement these obligations would commence once Phase 1A of the plant is operational. Phase 1A became operational in July 2011.

In 2011, the agreement to deliver output to Alutrint was discontinued, resulting in the full output of the plant being designated to T&TEC. The obligations of T&TEC under the Power Purchase Agreement are unconditionally guaranteed by the Government of Trinidad and Tobago. The total capacity of the plant is dedicated to T&TEC.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

24. Subsequent Events:

(i) T & TEC receivable

Subsequent to the reporting date, as at 25 August 2015, Trinidad Generation Unlimited has received **US\$253 million** from T&TEC, as full settlement of the amounts owed inclusive of interest, as well as a prepayment on future energy delivered expected to cover part of the period up to 1 October 2015.

(ii) Financing

In July 2015, the Board of Directors of Trinidad Generation Unlimited approved and invited bids for long-term financing in the amount of **US\$600 million** for the purpose of repaying the amount owed to the parent company (UEEGCL) in the sum of **US\$568 million**.

On 30 September 2015, Trinidad Generation Unlimited entered into a one (1) year loan agreement with First Citizens Bank Limited as a bridge facility to the intended long-term financing. The amount of this facility was **TT\$960 million** (the equivalent of **US\$150 million**).



UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013



INDEX

	Page
Statement of Management Responsibilities	1
Independent Auditors' Report	2
Unconsolidated Statement of Financial Position	3
Unconsolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	4
Unconsolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	5
Unconsolidated Statement of Cash Flows	6
Notes to the Unconsolidated Financial Statements	7 – 25

Building 5, Christina Courts, 33 – 35 Boisierre No. 1, Maraval, Republic of Trinidad and Tobago

Statement of Management Responsibilities

Management is responsible for the following:

- preparing and fairly presenting the accompanying financial statements of Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited, which comprise the unconsolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2013, the unconsolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information;
- ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records;
- selecting appropriate accounting policies and applying them in a consistent manner;
- implementing, monitoring and evaluating the system of internal control that assures security of the company's assets, detection/prevention of fraud, and the achievement of company operational efficiencies;
- ensuring that the system of internal control operated effectively during the reporting period;
- producing reliable financial reporting that comply with laws and regulations, including the Companies Act; and
- using reasonable and prudent judgement in the determination of estimates.

In preparing these audited unconsolidated financial statements, management utilised the International Financial Reporting Standards, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Trinidad and Tobago. Where International Financial Reporting Standards presented alternative accounting treatments, management chose those considered most appropriate in the circumstances.

Nothing has come to the attention of management to indicate that the company will not remain a going concern for the next twelve months from the reporting date; or up to the date the accompanying financial statements have been authorised for issue, if later.

Management affirms that it has carried out its responsibilities as outlined above.

Director

Date: November 22, 2016

Director

Date: November 22, 2016

Directors: David D'Andrade - Chairman • Soraya Nanan • Phil Achan • Selvon Ramroop



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Shareholders Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited

We have audited the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements of Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited, which comprise the unconsolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2013, the unconsolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of unconsolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these unconsolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the unconsolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the unconsolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the unconsolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and unconsolidated fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the unconsolidated financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the unconsolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited as of 31 December 2013, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards.

Port of Spain 22 November 2016

DKF

Direct tel (868) 624-4569 | Direct fax (868) 624-4388 PKF | 1 90 Edward Street | Port-of-Spain | PO Bag 250 Belmont | Trinidad | WI

Partners: Renée-Lisa Philip Mark K. Superville

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

ASSETS

Abbert		31 Dec	ember
	<u>Notes</u>	2013 (\$'000)	2012 (\$'000)
Current Assets:			
Cash resources	5	1,885	3,738
Accounts receivable and prepayments	6	6	6
Due from subsidiary	7	29,118	205,968
Total Current Assets		31,009	209,712
Non-Current Assets:			
Due from subsidiary	7	3,657,216	-
Intangible asset	8	75,451	-
Property, plant and equipment	9	67	38
Investment in subsidiary	10	1,995,238	4,590,951
Total Non-Current Assets		5,727,972	4,590,989
Total Assets		<u> 5,758,981</u>	4,800,701
<u>LIABILITIES AND SHARI</u>	EHOLDER'S	SEQUITY	
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accruals	11	363	438
Due to subsidiary		3,565,633	
Total Liabilities		3,565,996	438
Shareholder's Equity:			
Stated capital	12	5,000	5,000
Advances from shareholder	13	1,319,215	4,691,693
Accumulated surplus		868,770	103,570
Total Shareholder's Equity		2,192,985	4,800,263
Total Liabilities and Shareholder's Equity		5,758,981	4,800,701

These unconsolidated financial statements have been authorized by the Board of Directors for issue on 22 November 2016 and signed on their behalf by:

Director David It Black

Director:

(The accompanying notes form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements)

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

		For the year ended 31 December	
	2013 (\$'000)	2012 (\$'000)	
Revenue:	,	,,	
Total Revenue	-	Anster Parent	
Expenditure:			
Administrative expenses (Note 14)	1,813	2,078	
Total Expenditure	1,813	2,078	
	(1.012)	(2.079)	
Operating loss	(1,813)	(2,078)	
Share of investee profit	<u>765,177</u>	228,416	
Net profit for the year	763,364	226,338	
Other Comprehensive Income:			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Foreign currency translation adjustment	1,836	29	
Total Comprehensive Income	<u>765,200</u>	226,367	

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

	Accumulated <u>Surplus</u> (\$'000)
Balance as at 1 January 2012	(122,797)
Total Comprehensive Income	226,367
Balance as at 31 December 2012	103,570
Balance as at 1 January 2013	103,570
Total Comprehensive Income	765,200
Balance as at 31 December 2013	868,770

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

	For the year ended 31 December	
	2013 (\$'000)	2012 (\$'000)
Operating Activities:		
Net profit for the year Adjustments:	763,364	226,338
Depreciation	52	26
Unrealised gain on foreign exchange	1,836	29
Operating profit before working capital changes	765,252	226,393
Net change in due from subsidiary	176,850	(205,968)
Net change in accounts receivable and prepayments Net change in accounts payable and accruals	(75)	43
Cash provided by operating activities	942,027	20,475
Investing Activities:		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(81)	(12)
Net change in due from subsidiary	(3,657,216)	-
Net change in due to shareholder	3,565,633	-
Net change in intangible asset	(75,451)	
Net change in investment in subsidiary	2,595,713	(231,416)
Cash provided by/(used in) investing activities	2,428,598	(231,428)
Financing Activities:		
Net change in advances from shareholders	(3,372,478)	206,385
Net change in share capital		5,000
Cash (used in)/provided by financing activities	(3,372,478)	211,385
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(1,853)	432
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	<u>3,738</u>	3,306
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	1.885	<u>3,738</u>
Represented by:		
Cash resources	1,885	3,738

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

1. <u>Principal Business Activities</u>:

Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited (UEEGCL) was incorporated on 26 February 2008 to hold equity on behalf of the Government of Trinidad and Tobago, in the acquisition, construction, ownership, sale, and the operation, management and maintenance of power generation facilities. The registered office of UEEGCL is located at Level 15, Eric Williams Financial Complex, Independence Square, Port of Spain.

The purposes of Trinidad Generation Unlimited are limited to engaging in the acquisition, construction, lease, ownership and sale, and the operation, management, maintenance, financing and re-financing of power generation facilities., contracting for the output of power from such facilities, and all actions incidental, necessary or appropriate to the foregoing that may be engaged in by an unlimited liability company formed under the Act.

By Shareholders' Agreement dated 10 July 2008, UEEGCL owned 90.07% of Trinidad Generation Unlimited, with the other 9.93% being owned by Trinidad and Tobago Power Generation Unlimited, a company whose ultimate parent is AES Corporation of the United States of America.

During 2013, UEEGCL acquired Trinidad and Tobago Power's interest in Trinidad Generation Unlimited. This resulted in 100% of the stated capital of the Company being held by UEEGCL.

The operations of Trinidad Generation Unlimited have not been consolidated into these financial statements. Consolidated financial statements are presented separately.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

(a) Basis of preparation -

These unconsolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and are stated in Trinidad and Tobago dollars rounded to the nearest thousand. These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. The accounting policies used are consistent with those of previous year.

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

(b) Use of estimates -

The preparation of unconsolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. It also requires the use of assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of these consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenditure during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates

(c) New accounting standards and interpretations -

- i) The Company has not applied the following standards and amendments that became effective during the current year, as they do apply to the activities of the Company:
 - IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements Amendments to revise the way other comprehensive income is presented (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012).
 - IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosure Amendment on the disclosure of offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
- ii) The Company has not applied the following standards, revised standards and interpretations that became effective during the current year, as they do not apply to the activities of the Company:
 - IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment Amendment re: classification of servicing equipment (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IAS 19 Employee Benefits Amended standard resulting from the Post-Employment Benefits and Termination Benefits projects (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements Reissued as IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

- (c) New accounting standards and interpretations (cont'd) -
 - IAS 28 Investments in Associates Reissued as IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting Amendment on the clarification of interim financial reporting on segment information (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements Amendment to the transition guidance on consolidated financial statements, joint arrangements and disclosures of interest in other entities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRIC 20 Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - iii) The Company has not applied the following standards, revised standards and interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective as they either do not apply to the activities of the Company or have no material impact on its financial statements, except for IFRS 9 Financial Instruments:
 - IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards Amendment on borrowing costs relating to qualifying assets (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards Government Loans (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 2 Share-based payment Amendment to the definition of vesting condition (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

- (c) New accounting standards and interpretations (cont'd) -
 - IFRS 3 Business Combinations Amendment re: accounting for a contingent consideration in a business combination (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
 - IFRS 3 Business Combinations Amendment on the scope of exception for joint ventures (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
 - IFRS 8 Operating Segments Amendment re: disclosure of the aggregation of operating segments and the reconciliation of assets (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
 - IFRS 9 Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015).
 - IFRS 9 Financial Instruments: Accounting for Financial Liabilities and Derecognition (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015).
 - IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements Amendment to measure at fair value eligible investment entities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
 - IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement Amendment re: clarification of portfolio exception (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
 - IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

- (c) New accounting standards and interpretations (cont'd) -
 - IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements Amendment re: clarification of the requirement for comparative information (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2013).
 - IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment Amendment re: proportionate restatement of accumulated depreciation under the revaluation method (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
 - IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures Amendment on disclosures for entities providing key management personnel services (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
 - IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements Amendment to measure at fair value eligible investment entities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
 - IAS 32 Financial Instruments; Presentation Amendment re: application guidance on the offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after I January 2014).
 - IAS 36 Impairment of Assets Amendment re: disclosure of recoverable amount on non-financial assets (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
 - IAS 38 Intangible Assets Amendment re: the proportionate restatement of accumulated amortisation under the revaluation method (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
 - IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement Amendment re: the novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
 - IAS 40 Investment Property Amendment re: clarification of specific transactions that are both business combinations and investment property (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
 - IFRIC 21 Levies (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

(d) Property, plant and equipment -

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided using the diminishing balance method.

The following rates are considered appropriate to write-off the assets over their estimated useful lives:

Furniture, fixtures and fittings - 25%
Office equipment - 33.3%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each reporting date, and adjusted as appropriate. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

(e) Financial assets -

Financial assets are classified into the following categories – loans and receivables and available for sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and re-evaluates this at every reporting date.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets, with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and which UEEGCL does not intend to sell in the short-term or which it has not designated as fair value through profit and loss, available for sale or held to maturity. Loans and receivables are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. As at the reporting date, the company had no loans or receivables.

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd): 2.

Financial assets (cont'd) -(e)

Available for sale

Investments intended to be held for an indefinite period of time and which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in interest rate are classified as available for sale. These investments are carried at fair value with realized gains and losses being taken to the profit and loss account and unrealized gains and losses being shown in equity. As at the reporting date, the company had no available for sale financial assets.

Held to maturity

Investments with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity which the Group has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held to maturity and are stated at amortised costs. The investment in subsidiary is considered a held-to-maturity financial asset.

Comparative information -**(f)**

Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

Accounting for investment in subsidiary -(g)

The investment in subsidiary is accounted for at cost, in accordance with IAS 27. Additional capital contributions increase the investment in subsidiary.

Cash and cash equivalents -(h)

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and deposits held on call with banks. The unconsolidated financial statements are expressed in thousands of dollars rounded to the nearest \$1,000. Cash and cash equivalents carry a value less than five hundred dollars (\$500). Therefore, the balance is shown as \$nil.

Stated capital -(i)

Stated capital comprises shares and is classified as equity when there is no obligation to transfer cash or other assets. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of equity instruments are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds. The unconsolidated financial statements are expressed in thousands of dollars rounded to the nearest \$1,000. Stated capital carries a value less than five hundred dollars (\$500). Therefore, the balance is shown as \$nil.

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

(j) Intangible asset -

Premium of share purchase

This represents the excess of the purchase price of a share acquisition over its book value. Although not subject to amortization, its value will be tested fro impairment on an annual basis or nore frequently if events or circumstances indicate.

(k) Revenue recognition -

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods, the provision of a service or the use by others of entity assets yielding interests, royalties and/or dividends. Revenue is shown net of value-added-tax, rebates and discounts and after eliminating inter-group sales. Interest income is recognised on the accruals basis and dividend income is accrued for when the right to receive payment is established. The organisation had no revenue in 2013.

(l) Foreign currency translation -

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the unconsolidated financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the 'functional currency').

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the presentation currency, Trinidad and Tobago dollars, using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Unconsolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

3. Financial Risk Management:

Financial risk factors

UEEGCL is exposed to interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, currency risk, operational risk, compliance risk and reputation risk arising from the financial instruments that it holds. The risk management policies employed by UEEGCL to manage these risks are discussed below:

Financial Instruments	2013		
Financial Assets	Carrying <u>Value</u> (\$'000)	Fair <u>Value</u> (\$'000)	
Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments	1,885 6	1,885	
Due from subsidiary	3,686,334	3,686,334	
Financial Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accruals	363	363	
Due from shareholder	3,565,633	3,565,633	
	201	2	
Financial Assets	Carrying <u>Value</u> (\$'000)	Fair <u>Value</u> (\$'000)	
Cash resources	3,738	3,738	
A	6	6	
Accounts receivable and prepayments Due from subsidiary	205,968	205,968	
	·-	205,968	

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

(a) Interest rate risk -

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The exposure is managed through the matching of funding products with financial services and monitoring market conditions and yields.

			20:	13	Non-	
	Effective <u>Rate</u>	Up to <u>1 year</u> (\$'000)	1 to <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Interest Bearing (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Financial Assets						
Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments Due from subsidiary	0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	1,885 - - - - 1,885		- - -	3,686,334 3,686,340	1,885 6 3,686,334 3,688,225
Financial Liabilities						1100 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
Accounts payable and accruals Due to shareholder	0.0% 0.0%				363 3,565,633 3,565,996	363 3,565,633 3,565,996
			20	12		
	Effective <u>Rate</u>	Up to 1 year (\$'000)	20 1 to 5 years (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Non- Interest <u>Bearing</u> (\$*000)	<u>Total</u> (\$*000)
Financial Assets		<u>1 year</u>	1 to 5 years	Over <u>5 years</u>	Interest Bearing	
Financial Assets Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments Due from subsidiary		<u>1 year</u>	1 to 5 years	Over <u>5 years</u>	Interest <u>Bearing</u> (\$*000)	(\$*000) 3,738 6 205,968
Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments	Rate 0.0% 0.0%	1 year (\$'000)	1 to 5 years	Over <u>5 years</u>	Interest Bearing (\$*000)	(\$*000) 3,738 6
Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments	Rate 0.0% 0.0%	1 year (\$'000)	1 to 5 years	Over <u>5 years</u>	Interest <u>Bearing</u> (\$*000)	(\$*000) 3,738 6 205,968
Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments Due from subsidiary	Rate 0.0% 0.0%	1 year (\$'000)	1 to 5 years	Over <u>5 years</u>	Interest <u>Bearing</u> (\$*000)	(\$*000) 3,738 6 205,968

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

(b) Credit risk -

Credit risk arises when failure by counter parties to discharge their obligations could reduce the amount of future cash inflows from financial assets on hand at the reporting date. UEEGCL has no significant concentration of credit risk.

(c) Liquidity risk -

Liquidity risk is the risk that arises when the maturity dates of assets and liabilities do not match. An unmatched position potentially enhances profitability, but can also increase the risk of losses. UEEGCL's capital commitments are guaranteed by the Government of Trinidad and Tobago. This significantly limits its exposure to liquidity risk.

UEEGCL has procedures with the object of minimising such losses such as maintaining sufficient cash and other highly liquid current assets and by having available an adequate amount of committed credit facilities.

Risk Management -

The matching and controlled mismatching of the maturities and interest rates of assets and liabilities are fundamental to the management of UEEGCL. UEEGCL as a consolidated entity employs various asset/liability techniques to manage liquidity gaps. Liquidity gaps are mitigated by the marketable nature of a substantial segment of UEEGCL's assets.

To manage and reduce liquidity risk UEEGCL's management actively seeks to match cash inflows with liability requirements:

		20)13	
	Up to <u>1 year</u> (\$'000)	1 to <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Financial Assets Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments Due from subsidiary	1,885 6 		3,657,216	1,885 6 3,686,334
Financial Liabilities	<u>31,009</u>		<u>_3,657,216</u>	_3,688,225
Accounts payable and accrual Due to sharehoder	363		3,565,63 <u>3</u>	363 3,565,633
	363	*	_3,565.633	<u>3,565,996</u>

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

(c) Liquidity risk (cont'd) -

Eddinity risk (cont a)		20	12	
	Up to <u>1 year</u> (\$'000)	1 to <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Financial Assets				
Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments Due from subsidiary	3,738 6 205,968	*	-	3,738 6 205,968
Financial Liabilities	<u>209,712</u>	***************************************	 	209,712
Accounts payable and accrual	438			438
	438		*	<u>438</u>

(d) Currency risk -

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not UEEGCL's measurement currency. UEEGCL is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from currency exposure to the United States Dollar. UEEGCL's management monitors the exchange rate fluctuations on a continuous basis and acts accordingly.

(e) Operational risk -

Operational risk is the risk derived from deficiencies relating to UEEGCL's information technology and control systems, as well as the risk of human error and natural disasters. UEEGCL has limited internal operations. Its operational risk is through its involvement with its subsidiary. Through its selection of the Chief Executive Officer and majority of the Board of Directors of Trinidad Generation Unlimited, UEEGCL is able to mitigate against operational risk by evaluating, maintaining and upgrading the company's systems continuously. Supervisory controls are also installed to minimise human error.

(f) Compliance risk -

Compliance risk is the risk of financial loss, including fines and other penalties, which arise from non-compliance with laws and regulations of the state. The risk is limited to a significant extent due to the monitoring controls applied by UEEGCL through its outsourced accounting and advisory functions.

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

(g) Reputation risk -

The risk of loss of reputation arising from the negative publicity relating to UEEGCL's operations (whether true or false) may result in a reduction of its clientele, reduction in revenue, and legal cases against UEEGCL. UEEGCL keeps a low profile in an effort to minimize this risk.

4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements:

The preparation of these unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions in the process of applying UEEGCL's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events, that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. UEEGCL makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. However, actual results could differ from those estimates as the resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have significant risk or causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Changes in accounting estimates are recognised in the Unconsolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period in which the estimate is changed, if the change affects that period only, or in the period of the change and future periods if the change affects both current and future periods.

The critical judgements, apart from those involving estimates, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the unconsolidated financial statements, includes whether investments are classified as held to maturity investments, available for sale or loans and receivables.

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

4. <u>Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (Cont'd):</u>

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the year-end date (requiring management's most difficult, subjective or complex judgements) that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year is as follows:

Impairment of assets

Management assesses at each year-end date whether its investment in subsidiary is impaired. An asset is impaired when the carrying value is greater than its recoverable amount and there is objective evidence of impairment. Recoverable amount is the present value of the future cash flows. Allowances are made for the excess of the carrying value over its recoverable amount.

5.	Cash Resources:		
		31 December	
		<u>2013</u> (\$'000)	(\$'000)
	Cash in hand	4	4
	First Citizens Bank Limited	1,881	3,734
		<u>1,885</u>	<u>3,738</u>
6.	Accounts Receivable and Prepayments:		
		31 Decer	nber
		2013 (\$'000)	2012 (\$'000)
	Prepayment	6	6
		<u> </u>	6

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

7. <u>Due from Subsidiary</u>:

	31 December	
	<u> 2013</u>	<u> 2012</u>
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
a. Cash on hold	9,803	205,968
b. Dividend receivable	19,315	_
c. Capital contributions	<u>3,657,216</u>	
	3,686,334	205,968
Amounts due within one year Amounts due after one year	29,118 3,657,216	205,968
	3,686,334	205,968

- a. This balance relates to monies transferred to Trinidad Generation Unlimited to be held in their US dollar bank account until the funds are required for use by UEEGCL.
- b. On 28 November 2013, the Board of Directors of Trinidad Generation Unlimited approved an interim dividend of US \$3 million for the year ended 31 December 2013.
- c. In March 2014, the Ministry of Finance clarified that Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited position in Trinidad Generation Unlimited would be that of 75% debt and 25% equity effective 31 July 2013. As a consequences, 75% of the capital contributions paid by Limited will be repaid upon a successful loan refinancing by the company. This amount has been duly reclassified to current assets effective 31 July 2013.

Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited is expected to return these funds to the government of Trinidad and Tobago upon receipt from Trinidad Generation Unlimited. as a result, this amount has been recorded both as an asset and a liability.

8. Intangible Asset:

This represents a premium calculated as the excess of the purchase price of the minority interest in Trinidad Generation Unlimited over the book value of the shares purchased.

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

9. Property, Plant and Equipment:

Cost	Computer Equipment (\$'000)	Furniture <u>Fixtures</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Balance as at 1 January 2013 Additions	50 81	36	86 81
Balance as at 31 December 2013	131	36	167
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balance as at 1 January 2013 Charge for the year	31 43	17 9	48 52
Balance as at 31 December 2013	<u>74</u>	<u>26</u>	100
Net Book Value			
Balance as at 31 December 2013	57	10	<u>67</u>
Balance as at 31 December 2012	19		38

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

9. Property, Plant and Equipment (Cont'd):

Cost	Computer Equipment (\$'000)	Furniture <u>Fixtures</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Balance as at 1 January 2012 Additions	45 <u>5</u>	29 	74 12
Balance as at 31 December 2012	50	36	86
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balance as at 1 January 2012 Charge for the year	15 16	7 10	22 26
Balance as at 31 December 2012	31	17	48
Net Book Value			
Balance as at 31 December 2012	19	19	38
Balance as at 31 December 2011	30		52

10. <u>Investment in Subsidiary</u>:

investment in Subsidiary.	31 Dec	ember
	<u>2013</u> (\$'000)	(\$'000)
Balance, beginning of year Current earnings on investment Additional Government contributions Purchase of non-controlling interest Transfer to accounts receivable Dividend receivable	4,590,951 765,177 193,155 122,486 (3,657,216) (19,315)	4,359,535 228,416 3,000
Balance, end of the year	_1,995,238	4,590,951

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

11.	Accounts Payable and Accruals:	31 Dece	am ban
		2013 (\$'000)	2012 (\$'000)
	Accruals	363	<u>438</u>
12.	Stated Capital:	31 Dece	ember
		2013 (\$'000)	2 <u>012</u> (\$'000)
	Authorised Unlimited number of shares of no par value		
	Issued and fully paid 5,000,010 ordinary shares at \$1 each	<u> 5,000</u>	5,000
13.	Advances from Shareholder:	31 Dece 2013 (\$'000)	ember <u>2012</u> (\$'000)
	Balance, beginning of the year Additional Government contributions Transfer to accounts payable Transfer to share capital	4,691,693 193,155 (3,565,633)	4,485,308 211,385 (5,000)
	Balance, end of the year	<u> 1.319,215</u>	4,691,693

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

14. Administrative Expenses:

Administrative Expenses.	31 Dece	31 December	
	2013 (\$'000)	<u>2012</u> (\$'000)	
Accounting and audit	116	116	
Bank charges and interest	1	1	
Consultancies	<u>.</u>	187	
Depreciation	52	26	
Directors' fees	390	598	
Entertainment	4	2	
Internet	7	7	
Legal and professional	663	351	
Miscellaneous	45	39	
Office	1	1	
Outsourced personnel services	282	553	
Overseas travel	102	52	
Penalties and interest	2		
Rent	83	83	
Repairs and maintenance	8	7	
Stationery	2	6	
Telephone	8	7	
Training	4	-	
Travelling	43	42	
	1,813	2,078	



UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013



INDEX

	Page
Statement of Management Responsibilities	1
Independent Auditors' Report	2
Unconsolidated Statement of Financial Position	3
Unconsolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	4
Unconsolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	5
Unconsolidated Statement of Cash Flows	6
Notes to the Unconsolidated Financial Statements	7 – 25

Building 5, Christina Courts, 33 – 35 Boisierre No. 1, Maraval, Republic of Trinidad and Tobago

Statement of Management Responsibilities

Management is responsible for the following:

- preparing and fairly presenting the accompanying financial statements of Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited, which comprise the unconsolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2013, the unconsolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information;
- ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records;
- selecting appropriate accounting policies and applying them in a consistent manner;
- implementing, monitoring and evaluating the system of internal control that assures security of the company's assets, detection/prevention of fraud, and the achievement of company operational efficiencies;
- ensuring that the system of internal control operated effectively during the reporting period;
- producing reliable financial reporting that comply with laws and regulations, including the Companies Act; and
- using reasonable and prudent judgement in the determination of estimates.

In preparing these audited unconsolidated financial statements, management utilised the International Financial Reporting Standards, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Trinidad and Tobago. Where International Financial Reporting Standards presented alternative accounting treatments, management chose those considered most appropriate in the circumstances.

Nothing has come to the attention of management to indicate that the company will not remain a going concern for the next twelve months from the reporting date; or up to the date the accompanying financial statements have been authorised for issue, if later.

Management affirms that it has carried out its responsibilities as outlined above.

Director

Date: November 22, 2016

Director

Date: November 22, 2016

Directors: David D'Andrade - Chairman • Soraya Nanan • Phil Achan • Selvon Ramroop



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Shareholders Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited

We have audited the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements of Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited, which comprise the unconsolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2013, the unconsolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of unconsolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these unconsolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the unconsolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the unconsolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the unconsolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and unconsolidated fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the unconsolidated financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the unconsolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited as of 31 December 2013, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards.

Port of Spain 22 November 2016

Direct tel (868) 624-4569 | Direct fax (868) 624-4388 PKF 1 90 Edward Street | Port-of-Spain | PO Bag 250 Belmont | Trinidad | WI

Partners: Renée-Lisa Philip Mark K. Superville

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Expressed in United States Dollars)

ASSETS

		nber	
		<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Command Associa	<u>Notes</u>	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Current Assets: Cash resources	5	302	50.
Accounts receivable and prepayments	6	293 1	586
Due from subsidiary	7	4,522	32,276
Total Current Assets		4,816	32,863
Non-Current Assets:			
Due from subsidiary	7	568,023	
Intangible asset	8	11,719	
Property, plant and equipment	9	11	(
Investment in subsidiary	10	322,572	725,72
Total Non-Current Assets		902,325	725,733
Total Assets		907,141	758,59
LIABILITIES AND SHAR	EHOLDER'S	EQUITY	
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accruals	11	56	69
Due to shareholder		553,799	
Total Liabilities		553,855	69
Shareholder's Equity:			
Stated capital	12	780	780
Advances from shareholder	13	217,724	741,523
Accumulated surplus		134,782	16,224
Total Shareholder's Equity		353,286	758,527
Total Liabilities and Shareholder's Equity		<u>907.141</u>	758,596

22 November 2016 and signed on their behalf by:

Director: David III I deed

Director:

(The accompanying notes form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements)

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Expressed in United States Dollars)

		For the year ended 31 December		
	2013 (\$'000)	2012 (\$'000)		
Revenue:	(4,	(+)		
Total Revenue				
Expenditure:				
Administrative expenses (Note 14)	282	325		
Total Expenditure	282	325		
Operating loss	(282)	(325)		
Share of investee profit	118,844	35,794		
Net profit for the year	118,562	35,469		
Other Comprehensive Income:				
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(4)	6		
Total Comprehensive Income	<u> 118,558</u>	<u>35,475</u>		

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

	Accumulated <u>Surplus</u> (\$'000)
Balance as at 1 January 2012	(19,251)
Total Comprehensive Income	35,475
Balance as at 31 December 2012	16,224
Balance as at 1 January 2013	16,224
Total Comprehensive Income	118,558
Balance as at 31 December 2013	134,782

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

	For the year ended 31 December	
	2013 (\$'000)	2012 (\$'000)
Operating Activities:		
Net profit for the year Adjustments:	118,562	35,469
Depreciation	8	4
Unrealised (loss)/gain on foreign exchange	(4)	6
Operating profit before working capital changes	118,566	35,479
Net change in due from subsidiary	27,754	(32,276)
Net change in accounts receivable and prepayments	-	1
Net change in accounts payable and accruals	(13)	7
Cash provided by operating activities	146,307	3,211
Investing Activities:		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(13)	(2)
Net change due from subsidiary	(568,023)	-
Net change due to shareholder	553,799	
Net change in intangible asset	(11,719)	•
Net change in investment in subsidiary	403,155	(36,264)
Cash provided by/(used in) investing activities	377,199	(36,266)
Financing Activities:		
Net change in advances from shareholders	(523,799)	32,345
Net change in share capital	-	<u>780</u>
Cash (used in)/provided by financing activities	(523,799)	33,125
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(293)	70
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	586	516
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	293	586
Represented by:		
Cash resources	293	<u>586</u>

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

1. Principal Business Activities:

Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited (UEEGCL) was incorporated on 26 February 2008 to hold equity on behalf of the Government of Trinidad and Tobago, in the acquisition, construction, ownership, sale, and the operation, management and maintenance of power generation facilities. The registered office of UEEGCL is located at Level 15, Eric Williams Financial Complex, Independence Square, Port of Spain.

The purposes of Trinidad Generation Unlimited are limited to engaging in the acquisition, construction, lease, ownership and sale, and the operation, management, maintenance, financing and re-financing of power generation facilities., contracting for the output of power from such facilities, and all actions incidental, necessary or appropriate to the foregoing that may be engaged in by an unlimited liability company formed under the Act.

By Shareholders' Agreement dated 10 July 2008, UEEGCL owned 90.07% of Trinidad Generation Unlimited, with the other 9.93% being owned by Trinidad and Tobago Power Generation Unlimited, a company whose ultimate parent is AES Corporation of the United States of America.

During 2013, UEEGCL acquired Trinidad and Tobago Power's interest in Trinidad Generation Unlimited. This resulted in 100% of the stated capital of the Company being held by UEEGCL.

The operations of Trinidad Generation Unlimited have not been consolidated into these financial statements. Consolidated financial statements are presented separately.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

(a) Basis of preparation -

These unconsolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and are stated in Trinidad and Tobago dollars rounded to the nearest thousand. These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. The accounting policies used are consistent with those of previous year.

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

(b) Use of estimates -

The preparation of unconsolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. It also requires the use of assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of these consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenditure during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates

(c) New accounting standards and interpretations -

- i) The Company has not applied the following standards and amendments that became effective during the current year, as they do apply to the activities of the Company:
 - IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements Amendments to revise the way other comprehensive income is presented (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012).
 - IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosure Amendment on the disclosure of offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
- ii) The Company has not applied the following standards, revised standards and interpretations that became effective during the current year, as they do not apply to the activities of the Company:
 - IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment Amendment re: classification of servicing equipment (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IAS 19 Employee Benefits Amended standard resulting from the Post-Employment Benefits and Termination Benefits projects (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements Reissued as IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

- (c) New accounting standards and interpretations (cont'd) -
 - IAS 28 Investments in Associates Reissued as IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting Amendment on the clarification of interim financial reporting on segment information (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements Amendment to the transition guidance on consolidated financial statements, joint arrangements and disclosures of interest in other entities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRIC 20 Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - iii) The Company has not applied the following standards, revised standards and interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective as they either do not apply to the activities of the Company or have no material impact on its financial statements, except for IFRS 9 Financial Instruments:
 - IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards Amendment on borrowing costs relating to qualifying assets (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards Government Loans (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after I January 2013).
 - IFRS 2 Share-based payment Amendment to the definition of vesting condition (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

2. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):</u>

- (c) New accounting standards and interpretations (cont'd) -
 - IFRS 3 Business Combinations Amendment re: accounting for a contingent consideration in a business combination (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
 - IFRS 3 Business Combinations Amendment on the scope of exception for joint ventures (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
 - IFRS 8 Operating Segments Amendment re: disclosure of the aggregation of operating segments and the reconciliation of assets (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
 - IFRS 9 Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015).
 - IFRS 9 Financial Instruments: Accounting for Financial Liabilities and Derecognition (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015).
 - IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements Amendment to measure at fair value eligible investment entities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
 - IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
 - IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement Amendment re: clarification of portfolio exception (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
 - IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after I January 2016).

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

- (c) New accounting standards and interpretations (cont'd) -
 - IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements Amendment re: clarification of the requirement for comparative information (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2013).
 - IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment Amendment re: proportionate restatement of accumulated depreciation under the revaluation method (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
 - IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures Amendment on disclosures for entities providing key management personnel services (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
 - IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements Amendment to measure at fair value eligible investment entities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
 - IAS 32 Financial Instruments; Presentation Amendment re: application guidance on the offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
 - IAS 36 Impairment of Assets Amendment re: disclosure of recoverable amount on non-financial assets (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
 - IAS 38 Intangible Assets Amendment re: the proportionate restatement of accumulated amortisation under the revaluation method (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
 - IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement Amendment re: the novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
 - IAS 40 Investment Property Amendment re: clarification of specific transactions that are both business combinations and investment property (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
 - IFRIC 21 Levies (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

(d) Property, plant and equipment -

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided using the diminishing balance method.

The following rates are considered appropriate to write-off the assets over their estimated useful lives:

Furniture, fixtures and fittings - 25% Office equipment - 33.3%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each reporting date, and adjusted as appropriate. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

(e) Financial assets -

Financial assets are classified into the following categories – loans and receivables and available for sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and re-evaluates this at every reporting date.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets, with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and which UEEGCL does not intend to sell in the short-term or which it has not designated as fair value through profit and loss, available for sale or held to maturity. Loans and receivables are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. As at the reporting date, the company had no loans or receivables.

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

(e) Financial assets (cont'd) -

Available for sale

Investments intended to be held for an indefinite period of time and which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in interest rate are classified as available for sale. These investments are carried at fair value with realized gains and losses being taken to the profit and loss account and unrealized gains and losses being shown in equity. As at the reporting date, the company had no available for sale financial assets.

Held to maturity

Investments with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity which the Group has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held to maturity and are stated at amortised costs. The investment in subsidiary is considered a held-to-maturity financial asset.

(f) Comparative information -

Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

(g) Accounting for investment in subsidiary -

The investment in subsidiary is accounted for at cost, in accordance with IAS 27. Additional capital contributions increase the investment in subsidiary.

(h) Cash and cash equivalents -

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and deposits held on call with banks. The unconsolidated financial statements are expressed in thousands of dollars rounded to the nearest \$1,000. Cash and cash equivalents carry a value less than five hundred dollars (\$500). Therefore, the balance is shown as \$nil.

(i) Stated capital -

Stated capital comprises shares and is classified as equity when there is no obligation to transfer cash or other assets. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of equity instruments are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds. The unconsolidated financial statements are expressed in thousands of dollars rounded to the nearest \$1,000. Stated capital carries a value less than five hundred dollars (\$500). Therefore, the balance is shown as \$nil.

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

(j) Intangible asset -

Premium of share purchase

This represents the excess of the purchase price of a share acquisition over its book value. Although not subject to amortization, its value will be tested fro impairment on an annual basis or nore frequently if events or circumstances indicate.

(k) Revenue recognition -

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods, the provision of a service or the use by others of entity assets yielding interests, royalties and/or dividends. Revenue is shown net of value-added-tax, rebates and discounts and after eliminating inter-group sales. Interest income is recognised on the accruals basis and dividend income is accrued for when the right to receive payment is established. The organisation had no revenue in 2012.

(I) Foreign currency translation -

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the unconsolidated financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the 'functional currency').

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the presentation currency, United States dollars, using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Unconsolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

3. Financial Risk Management:

Financial risk factors

UEEGCL is exposed to interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, currency risk, operational risk, compliance risk and reputation risk arising from the financial instruments that it holds. The risk management policies employed by UEEGCL to manage these risks are discussed below:

Financial Instruments	2013		
Financial Assets	Carrying <u>Value</u> (\$'000)	Fair <u>Value</u> (\$'000)	
Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments Due from subsidiary	293 1 572,545	293 I 572,545	
Financial Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accruals Due to shareholder	56 553,799	56 553,799	
	2012		
Financial Assets	Carrying <u>Value</u> (\$'000)	Fair <u>Value</u> (\$'000)	
Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments Due from subsidiary	586 1 32,276	586 1 32,276	
Financial Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accruals	69	69	

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

(a) Interest rate risk -

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The exposure is managed through the matching of funding products with financial services and monitoring market conditions and yields.

			20	13		
	Effective <u>Rate</u>	Up to 1 year (\$`000)	1 to <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Non- Interest <u>Bearing</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Financial Assets						
Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments Due from subsidiary	0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	293 - -	-		- l <u>572,545</u>	293 1 <u>572,545</u>
		<u>293</u>		44	572,546	<u>572,839</u>
Financial Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accruals Due to shareholder	0.0% 0.0%	- 	<u> </u>		56 553,799	56 553,799
					<u>553.855</u>	553,855
			20	012		
	Effective <u>Rate</u>	Up to <u>1 year</u> (\$'000)	1 to <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Non- Interest <u>Bearing</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Financial Assets		,			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments Due from subsidiary	0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	586	-	- -	32,276	586 1 32,276
Financial Liabilities		<u>586</u>			32,277	32,863
Accounts payable and accruals	0.0%			**	69	69
				*	69	69

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

(b) Credit risk -

Credit risk arises when failure by counter parties to discharge their obligations could reduce the amount of future cash inflows from financial assets on hand at the reporting date. UEEGCL has no significant concentration of credit risk.

(c) Liquidity risk -

Liquidity risk is the risk that arises when the maturity dates of assets and liabilities do not match. An unmatched position potentially enhances profitability, but can also increase the risk of losses. UEEGCL's capital commitments are guaranteed by the Government of Trinidad and Tobago. This significantly limits its exposure to liquidity risk.

UEEGCL has procedures with the object of minimising such losses such as maintaining sufficient cash and other highly liquid current assets and by having available an adequate amount of committed credit facilities.

Risk Management -

The matching and controlled mismatching of the maturities and interest rates of assets and liabilities are fundamental to the management of UEEGCL. UEEGCL as a consolidated entity employs various asset/liability techniques to manage liquidity gaps. Liquidity gaps are mitigated by the marketable nature of a substantial segment of UEEGCL's assets.

To manage and reduce liquidity risk UEEGCL's management actively seeks to match cash inflows with liability requirements:

	2013			
	Up to <u>1 year</u> (\$'000)	1 to <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Financial Assets Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments Due from subsidiary	293 1 4,522	-	568.023	293 I 572,545
PP 13 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4,816	W	568,023	<u>572,839</u>
Financial Liabilities Accounts payable and accrual Due to shareholder	56	*	<u>553,799</u>	56 <u>553,799</u>
	56	*	<u>553,799</u>	<u>553,855</u>

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

(c) Liquidity risk (cont'd) -

	2012			
Financial Assets	Up to <u>1 year</u> (\$'000)	1 to <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments Due from sudsidiary	586 1 32,276		- -	586 1 32,276
Financial Liabilities	32,863		:	32,863
Accounts payable and accrual	69	-	_	69
	69	-	*	69

(d) Currency risk -

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not UEEGCL's measurement currency. UEEGCL is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from currency exposure to the United States Dollar. UEEGCL's management monitors the exchange rate fluctuations on a continuous basis and acts accordingly.

(e) Operational risk -

Operational risk is the risk derived from deficiencies relating to UEEGCL's information technology and control systems, as well as the risk of human error and natural disasters. UEEGCL has limited internal operations. Its operational risk is through its involvement with its subsidiary. Through its selection of the Chief Executive Officer and majority of the Board of Directors of Trinidad Generation Unlimited, UEEGCL is able to mitigate against operational risk by evaluating, maintaining and upgrading the company's systems continuously. Supervisory controls are also installed to minimise human error.

(f) Compliance risk -

Compliance risk is the risk of financial loss, including fines and other penalties, which arise from non-compliance with laws and regulations of the state. The risk is limited to a significant extent due to the monitoring controls applied by UEEGCL through its outsourced accounting and advisory functions.

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

(g) Reputation risk -

The risk of loss of reputation arising from the negative publicity relating to UEEGCL's operations (whether true or false) may result in a reduction of its clientele, reduction in revenue, and legal cases against UEEGCL. UEEGCL keeps a low profile in an effort to minimize this risk.

4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements:

The preparation of these unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions in the process of applying UEEGCL's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events, that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. UEEGCL makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. However, actual results could differ from those estimates as the resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have significant risk or causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Changes in accounting estimates are recognised in the Unconsolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period in which the estimate is changed, if the change affects that period only, or in the period of the change and future periods if the change affects both current and future periods.

The critical judgements, apart from those involving estimates, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the unconsolidated financial statements, includes whether investments are classified as held to maturity investments, available for sale or loans and receivables.

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (Cont'd):

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the year-end date (requiring management's most difficult, subjective or complex judgements) that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year is as follows:

Impairment of assets

Management assesses at each year-end date whether its investment in subsidiary is impaired. An asset is impaired when the carrying value is greater than its recoverable amount and there is objective evidence of impairment. Recoverable amount is the present value of the future cash flows. Allowances are made for the excess of the carrying value over its recoverable amount.

5.	Cash Resources:	31 Dece	ember
		2013 (\$'000)	(\$'000)
	Cash in hand First Citizens Bank Limited	1 292	1 585
		293	586
6.	Accounts Receivable and Prepayments:	31 Dec <u>2013</u> (\$'000)	cember <u>2012</u> (\$'000)
	Prepayment	<u>1</u>	1

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

7. Due from Subsidiary:

Duc Hom Outdown Ty	31 Dece	mber
	<u>2013</u> (\$'000)	(\$'000)
a. Cash on holdb. Dividend receivablec. Capital contributions	1,522 3,000 <u>568,023</u>	32,276
	<u>572,545</u>	32,276
Amounts due within one year Amounts due after one year	4,522 568,023	32,276
	<u>572,545</u>	32,276

- a. This balance relates to monies transferred to Trinidad Generation Unlimited to be held in their US dollar bank account until the funds are required for use by UEEGCL.
- b. On 28 November 2013, the Board of Directors of Trinidad Generation Unlimited approved an interim dividend of \$3 million for the year ended 31 December 2013.
- c. In March 2014, the Ministry of Finance clarified that Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited position in Trinidad Generation Unlimited would be that of 75% debt and 25% equity effective 31 July 2013. As a consequences, 75% of the capital contributions paid by Limited will be repaid upon a successful loan refinancing by the company. This amount has been duly reclassified to current assets effective 31 July 2013.

Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited is expected to return these funds to the government of Trinidad and Tobago upon receipt from Trinidad Generation Unlimited. as a result, this amount has been recorded both as an asset and a liability.

8. Intangible Asset:

This represents a premium calculated as the excess of the purchase price of the minority interest in Trinidad Generation Unlimited over the book value of the shares purchased.

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

9. **Property, Plant and Equipment:**

Cost	Computer Equipment (\$'000)	Furniture <u>Fixtures</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Balance as at 1 January 2013 Additions	8 13	6	14 13
Balance as at 31 December 2013	21	6	27
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balance as at 1 January 2013 Charge for the year	6 7	2 1	<u>8</u>
Balance as at 31 December 2013	13	3	16
Net Book Value			
Balance as at 31 December 2013	8	3	11
Balance as at 31 December 2012	Marie and the second se	4	<u>6</u>

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

9. Property, Plant and Equipment (Cont'd):

Cost	Computer Equipment (\$'000)	Furniture <u>Fixtures</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Balance as at 1 January 2012 Additions	7	5 1	12 2
Balance as at 31 December 2012	8	6	14
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balance as at 1 January 2012 Charge for the year	3 3	<u> </u>	4
Balance as at 31 December 2012	6	2	8
Net Book Value			
Balance as at 31 December 2012	2	4	6
Balance as at 31 December 2011	4	4	8

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

10.	Investment in Subsidiary:	31 December		
		2013 (\$'000)	2012 (\$'000)	
	Balance, beginning of year Current profit on investment Additional Government contributions Purchase of non-controlling interest Transfer to accounts receivable Dividend receivable	725,727 118,844 30,000 19,024 (568,023) (3,000)	689,463 35,794 470	
11.	Accounts Payable and Accruals:			
	Accruals	56	69	
12.	Stated Capital:	31 Dece 2013 (\$'000)		
	Authorised Unlimited number of shares of no par value			
	Issued and fully paid 5,000,010 ordinary shares at TTD\$1 each	780	780	

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

31 DECEMBER 2013

13. Advances from Shareholder:

	31 December	
	2013 (\$'000)	(\$'000)
Balance, beginning of the year	741,523	709,178
Additional Government contributions	30,000	33,125
Transfer to payable	(553,799)	-
Transfer to share capital		(780)
Balance, end of the year	<u>217,724</u>	<u>741,523</u>

14. Administrative Expenses:

	31 Dece	31 December	
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	
Accounting and audit	18	18	
Consultancies	-	29	
Depreciation	8	4	
Directors' fees	61	93	
Entertainment	1	-	
Internet	1	1	
Legal and professional	103	55	
Miscellaneous	7	7	
Office	•	-	
Outsourced personnel services	44	87	
Overseas travel	16	8	
Rent	13	13	
Repairs and maintenance	1	1	
Stationery	-	1	
Telephone	1	1	
Training	1	-	
Travelling	7	7	
3	- All Market and All Andrews Andrews Anna Andrews Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Ann		
	282	325	
			